

July 21, 2022

Mr. Michael Lane Environmental, Health & Safety Manager Office of Court Management/ Facilities Management & Capital Planning Lowell District Court 41 Hurd Street Lowell, MA 01852

Ref: Indoor Air Quality & Microbial Assessment – Visit 1
 Springfield Court Complex
 Roderick L. Ireland Courthouse, 50 State Street, Springfield, MA &
 Springfield Housing & Juvenile Courthouse, 80 State Street, Springfield, MA
 TRC Project 499949

Dear Mr. Lane:

On July 7, 2022, TRC Environmental Corporation (TRC) conducted a limited indoor air quality and microbial assessment at the above-referenced sites. TRC conducted the following scope of work:

- Visual inspection of up to sixty (60) locations between the two buildings;
- Direct-reading measurements of selected indoor air quality parameters including temperature, relative humidity, carbon monoxide (CO), and carbon dioxide (CO₂); airborne particulate as PM₁₀ (particles with aerodynamic diameters of approximately 10 microns or less), total volatile organic compounds (TVOC's) and
- Sampling for airborne concentrations of total fungal (mold)¹ spores in eighteen (18) indoor locations.

The site observations, test methods used, results and conclusions, and recommendations are presented below. A copy of the laboratory analytical report and the sample location drawings are included as attachments to this report.

INVESTIGATIVE STRATEGY

Visual Inspection

The readily accessible areas of the above referenced property were visually evaluated for evidence of water staining, water damage, and suspect fungal growth (mold). A reasonable effort was made to identify fungal-impacted building materials.

Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Temperature and Relative Humidity

TRC used a TSI® 7575X Q-Trak to monitor relative humidity, temperature, carbon monoxide (CO), and carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels.

¹ For the purposes of this report, the terms "mold" and "fungi" may be used interchangeably



- Carbon Dioxide Carbon dioxide is exhaled by people and is a useful indicator of adequate make-up (fresh) air and supply per occupant. The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) Standard 62.1-2019, <u>Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality</u>, recommends the difference between indoor and outdoor CO₂ concentrations be maintained at 700 parts per million (ppm) or less. Maintaining this condition equates to approximately 15 cubic feet per minute of supply air per occupant. Under this condition, a substantial majority of visitors entering a space will be satisfied with respect to human bioeffluents (body odor). The Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MA DPH) uses a guideline of 800 ppm of CO₂ for publicly occupied buildings². Note that while indoor CO₂ levels are useful for evaluating the outdoor air ventilation provided to a building, these levels are typically well below concentrations that might pose a CO₂-related health risk (greater than 5,000 ppm). Ambient concentrations of CO₂ generally range from 300 500 ppm.
- Carbon Monoxide Carbon monoxide is a colorless, odorless gas that can cause fatigue or drowsiness, nausea, headache, and difficulty breathing when present at elevated levels. ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2019 recommends carbon monoxide concentrations less than 9 ppm indoors as an eight-hour average.
- Temperature and Relative Humidity ASHRAE Standard 55-2020, <u>Thermal Environmental</u> <u>Conditions for Human Occupancy</u> bases occupant thermal comfort on a combination of metabolic rate, clothing insulation, air temperature (dry bulb temperature as a substitute for operative temperature), radiant temperature, air speed, and humidity. Conditions are considered to be satisfactory when a substantial majority of occupants (80% or more) are not expressing dissatisfaction with thermal comfort.

ASHRAE standard 62.1-2019 <u>Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality</u> recommends that the relative humidity be maintained below 65%.

Measurement of Airborne Particulate Matter

A TSI® DustTrak DRX Aerosol Monitor was used to monitor airborne particulate matter of approximately 10 micrometers or less in diameter (PM₁₀).

Airborne particulate in indoor environments originates from various sources including building materials and furnishings, occupant activities, cleaning, construction, and renovation activities, and from outdoors. High concentrations of airborne dust may cause irritation of the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract.

The U.S. EPA has established health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ to evaluate outdoor air quality. These are not intended to evaluate worker exposure but are meant to protect the health of sensitive individuals within the general population. They are based on rolling-24-hour average concentrations over a 3-day period and as such, are not directly comparable to individual PM measurements taken over 48-hour periods during this

² MA DPH "Carbon Dioxide and Its Use in Evaluating Adequacy of Ventilation in Buildings", www.mass.gov/eohhs/docs/dph/environmental/iaq/appendices/carbon-dioxide.pdf



assessment; however, they are provided in this report as a benchmark. The NAAQS for PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ are 0.150 mg/m³ and 0.035 mg/m³, respectively (both measured as a 24-hour average concentrations).

The OSHA PEL for occupational exposure for total dust is 15 mg/m^3 -TWA_{8-hr} and for the respirable dust fraction (equivalent to PM4) is 5 mg/m^3 -TWA_{8-hr}.

The instrument is calibrated approximately annually by the manufacturer and is zeroed prior to use in the field.

Measurement of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

A ppbRAE Model PGM-7240, ppbRAE 3000 photo-ionizing detector (PID) (or similar instrument) was used to monitor VOCs. VOC measurements were performed to determine if unusually elevated concentrations of this group of air contaminants existed at the monitored locations. VOCs have many sources, including, but not limited to the evaporation of paint solvents; adhesives; and office or personal products that are used in the building, such as cosmetic fragrances, air fresheners and deodorizing and sanitizing products.

Although the VOC instrument used in this study is a useful screening method for detecting indoor VOCs, it provides no information on the identities and relative amounts of individual compounds that may be present. If indoor VOC concentrations are significantly and consistently greater than the outdoor VOC concentration, then one or more indoor VOC sources may be present.

The U.S. Green Building Council Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (USGBC LEED) for New Construction-2009 requirements specify a maximum VOC concentration of 0.500 milligrams per cubic meter of air (mg/m³) in newly constructed areas and is used in this report as a guideline for evaluating indoor air quality. Assuming an average VOC molecular weight similar to that of n-hexane, this corresponds to approximately 0.140 ppm VOCs.

The instrument was calibrated prior to use in the field using standard isobutylene calibration gas.

Microbial Sampling – Air Samples

Sampling for airborne concentrations of total fungal spores was conducted using Allergenco-D sampling cassettes. Samples were collected at 15 liters of air per minute for five-minute sampling periods using a high-volume sampling pump. Airborne particulates were drawn through the cassette and directly impacted onto an adhesive collection media. The samples were shipped to Hayes Microbial Consulting of Midlothian, Virginia where they were analyzed to determine the quantity and identity of fungal spore types using bright field microscopy (magnification 300x and 600x). Hayes Microbial participates in the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Accreditation Program (EMLAP), certification #188863. The Allergenco-D cassette collects both viable and non-viable fungal spores, and the laboratory can identify some of the collected spores down to the genus level.

TRC collected representative air samples in selected indoor locations and also outdoors, for comparison purposes.



There is currently little information available on total airborne fungal spore dose-response relationships, and there are no recommended allowable exposure limits established for airborne spores. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) publication *Bioaerosols: Assessment and Control*, indicates that an exposure may be considered unusual when indoor concentrations are significantly higher than those outdoors, or when the types of mold detected indoors vs. outdoors differ markedly.

RESULTS

Visual Inspection

On the day of this assessment, no suspect fungal growth was observed in any of the areas inspected. Horizontal surfaces appeared to be clean of any dust or debris.

Indoor Air Quality Measurements

Results of the indoor air quality measurements are presented in the table below. The results are presented in the following units: temperature measurements are presented in degrees Fahrenheit (°F); relative humidity measurements are presented as percent relative humidity (%); the CO₂, CO and VOC measurements are presented in concentration units of parts per million parts of air, by volume (ppm); and PM₁₀ measurements are presented in concentration units of milligrams per cubic meter of air (mg/m³).

	Indo Springfield Court Comple	x, 50 & 80	ality Measur State Street / 7, 2022		ld, Massach	usetts							
Test #	Location	Relative Humidity (%)	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Airborne PM10 (mg/m³)	Volatile Organic Compounds (ppm)							
	Roderick L. Ireland Courthouse, 50 State Street, Springfield, MA												
001	G42B – Electric Shop	76.1	51.8	495	0	0.009	.001						
002	G42 – Mechanical Equipment between AHU 3 & 4	77.2	51.8	502	0	0.020	0						
003	G45 - Breakroom	74.2	56.6	512	0	0.016	0						
004	G54 – Snack Bar	72.7	55.7	534	0	0.002	0						
005	G06 – Lockup, Desk Area	72.8	59.8	693	0	0.006	0.080						



	Indo Springfield Court Comple	x, 50 & 80	ality Measur State Street / 7, 2022		ld, Massach	lusetts	
Test #	Location	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Airborne PM10 (mg/m ³)	Volatile Organic Compounds (ppm)
006	G27C – Conference Room	70.2	59.3	505	0	0.002	0
007	140 – Forensic Health	71.2	58.2	580	0	0.012	0.018
008	131 – Court Officers Lounge	71.0	59.1	580	0	0.002	0.070
009	121A – Judges Lobby	69.9	58.5	569	0	0.010	0
010	110B – Cubicle near Vault 111	69.9	57.7	599	0	0.009	0
011	138B – Bar Association	71.7	59.7	585	0	0.003	0
012	167 – Cubicle Area at Stacks	72.8	57.4	637	0	0.005	0.008
013	204B – Judges Lobby	72.7	54.5	629	0	0.006	0
013A	204A – Judges Lobby	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
014	District Courtroom #3	73.8	49.2	599	0	0.001	0
015	District Courtroom #11	72.1	55.4	555	0	0.004	0
016	Superior Courtroom #7	72.3	53.9	549	0	0.004	0
017	249A – Judges Lobby	73.6	54.2	578	0	0.000	0



	Indo Springfield Court Comple	x, 50 & 80	ality Measur State Street y 7, 2022		ld, Massach	usetts	
Test #	Location	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Airborne PM10 (mg/m³)	Volatile Organic Compounds (ppm)
018	222 – HCBA Mediation Service	70.3	58.3	586	0	0.006	0
019	Attorneys Lounge	70.6	60.6	577	0	0.011	0
020	337 – Superior Court Probation	72.6	59.6	755	0	0.016	0.165
021	366 – DA Cubicle Area	74.1	55.8	570	0	0.003	0
022	376 – Jury Room	75.6	52.0	577	0	0.004	0
023	Superior Courtroom #1	72.8	56.1	934	0	0.010	0
024	Law Library – North Side near stacks 34 & 35	72.4	50.2	579	0	0.007	0
025	Registry of Probate Cubicle Area	74.5	54.6	674	0	0.010	0
026	Probate Courtroom #4	73.6	54.7	624	0	0.005	0
027	Office 422	73.0	54.5	641	0	0.005	0
028	446 – Jury Pool	72.9	54.8	568	0	0.003	0
029	Probate Courtroom #3 Conference Room A	72.1	56.1	596	0	0.010	0
030	450 – Registry of Deeds	71.1	56.9	593	0	0.013	0



	Indo Springfield Court Comple	x, 50 & 80	lity Measur State Street / 7, 2022		ld, Massach	lusetts	
Test #	Location	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Airborne PM10 (mg/m³)	Volatile Organic Compounds (ppm)
031	Outdoor – East Courtyard	79.7	51.3	414	0	0.012	0
	Springfield Housing & Ju	venile Cou	rthouse, 80	State Stree	t, Springfield	d, MA	
032	Vestibule Outside 147	78.6	35.9	589	0	0.007	0
033	152 – Juvenile Courtroom 3	73.4	40.6	765	0	0.003	0
034	151C – Attorneys Room	73.2	51.1	545	0	0.009	0
035	137 – Clerk of Juvenile	72.1	42.5	628	0	0.011	0
036	116 – Housing Court Clerk's Office	71.8	40.6	640	0	0.005	0
037	101 – Head Administrative Assistant	72.6	39.7	639	0	0.015	0.010
038	Hall Outside 115	72.1	43.8	856	0	0.017	0
039	215 – Conference Room	73.9	52.3	474	0	0.012	0
040	202 – Judges Lobby	73.6	52.3	422	0	0.007	0
041	201 – Housing Court #2	71.9	54.0	405	0	0.003	0
042	221 – Judicial Department	71.3	52.7	455	0	0.005	0
043	240 – Judicial Department	70.0	54.0	533	0	0.004	0



	Indo Springfield Court Comple	x, 50 & 80	lity Measur State Street / 7, 2022		ld, Massach	lusetts	
Test #	Location	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Airborne PM10 (mg/m ³)	Volatile Organic Compounds (ppm)
044	222 – Juvenile Court #1	71.6	59.7	425	0	0.006	0
045	246 - Probation	70.0	51.9	479	0	0.007	0
046	338 – Juvenile/Probation Clerical	72.7	55.4	551	0	0.009	0
047	323 - Court Clinic	72.9	56.0	483	0	0.008	0
048	341 – Office	73.7	54.6	524	0	0.008	0
049	331 – Employee Lounge	73.8	53.6	523	0	0.009	0
050	322 – Chief Housing Specialist	73.7	56.6	490	0	0.007	0
051	301 – Conference Room	73.1	54.6	444	0	0.009	0
052	307 – Employee Lounge	70.8	53.6	450	0	0.005	0
053	B58 – Juvenile Storage	74.2	50.7	671	0	0.005	0
054	B56 – Mechanical	74.8	50.9	584	0	0.014	0
055	B39 – Juvenile Detention	74.8	51.4	509	0	0.004	0
056	B12 – Waiting Area	74.3	51.5	493	0	0.008	0



	Indo Springfield Court Comple	x, 50 & 80	ality Measur State Street / 7, 2022		ld, Massach	usetts			
Test #	Location	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Airborne PM10 (mg/m ³)	Volatile Organic Compounds (ppm)		
057	B23 – Office	73.9	50.2	493	0	0.011	0		
058	B34 – Office	71.6	48.6	522	0	0.009	0		
059	B03 – Storage	71.8	52.9	479	0	0.010	0		
060	Outdoor – Corner of E. Columbus and Court	81.8	49.5	387	0	0.010	0		
Desired	Comfort Range	~67 to 82	Less than 60 to 65	Less than 800 to ~1,150	< 5 to < 9	≤ 0.150	≤ 0.140		
	hment B – Floor Plan for location of mea	surements							
	rts per million parts of air, by volume		mg/m ³	= milligrams	per cubic met	er of alr			
REFERENCE VALUES Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂): ASHRAE maximum recommended CO ₂ level indicating adequate supply of outdoor air = outdoor concentration + 700 ppm (i.e., 1,100 ppm); MA DPH maximum recommended CO ₂ level = 800 ppm Carbon Monoxide (CO): USGBC LEED (2009) 9 ppm, if outdoor measurement no greater than 2 ppm above outdoors									
Tempera	ature range guidelines based on ASH	RAE 55-20	20, at variou	s levels of r	elativehumid	ity:			
<u>Rel</u> i	ative Humidity Wi < 20% 20 to 40% 40 to 60%	inter Tempe 70 to 7 69 to 7 68 to 7	9 °F 8 °F		Summer Temperature 76 to 83 °F 75 to 82 °F 74 to 81 °FF				

Temperature and Relative Humidity. Temperatures were within recommended comfort ranges for summer occupancy at the observed relative humidity levels. All relative humidity measurements were below 65%. No corrective measures are indicated based on the temperature and relative humidity measurements.

Carbon Dioxide. The average CO_2 concentrations ranged from 387 to 934 ppm with an outdoor concentration of range of 387 to 414 ppm. The average CO_2 concentrations during the current occupancy conditions remained below the ASHRAE guideline (i.e., the outdoor concentration of approximately 400 ppm + 700 ppm).



Overall, the CO_2 measurements represent favorable findings, reflecting efforts to maintain good ventilation within the buildings.

Carbon Monoxide. The CO measurements were non-detect and were within the recommended indoor air quality guidelines. No corrective measures are indicated based on the CO measurements.

Total Volatile Organic Compounds

The average TVOC measurements throughout the buildings ranged from non-detect to 0.165 ppm. A strong cologne/perfume odor was present at the time of the assessment in Office 337 of Superior Court Probation, which could likely be the source of the unit measurement of 0.165 ppm. Although this is slightly above the desired comfort range, this is not level of concern, and no corrective measures are recommended at this time.

Airborne Particulate Matter

The average PM_{10} measurements throughout the buildings ranged from 0.00 to 0.020 mg/m³ and were within the guideline of 0.150 mg/m³.

Microbial Sampling

The results of sampling for mold are presented in the table below. The air sampling results are presented in concentration units of spores per cubic meter of air (spores/m³). The laboratory analytical report is included as Attachment A.

	Springfield Court Complex, 50 8	al Sampling & 80 State S July 7, 2022	treet, Springfield, Massachuse	tts							
Sample Number	Location	Sample Type	Mold Detected	Interpretation							
Roderick L. Ireland Courthouse, 50 State Street, Springfield, MA											
4698051	G45 - Breakroom	Air	54 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698042	140 – Forensic Health	Air	105 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698039	110B – Cubicle near Vault 111	Air	200 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4697997	204A – Judges Lobby	Air	27 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698063	249A – Judges Lobby	Air	66 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698028	337 – Superior Court Probation	Air	80 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698010	Law Library, North at Stacks 34&35	Air	92 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698022	Registry of Probate Cubicle Area	Air	160 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698025	450 – Registry of Deeds	Air	147 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4701948	Outdoor – East Courtyard	Air	413 spores/m ³								
	Springfield Housing & Juvenile	Courthouse	e, 80 State Street, Springfield,	MA							
4698041	151C – Attorneys Room	Air	121 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							
4698059	137 – Clerk of Juvenile	Air	280 spores/m ³	See Comment 1							



	Microbial Sampling Results Springfield Court Complex, 50 & 80 State Street, Springfield, Massachusetts July 7, 2022											
Sample Number	Location	Sample Type	Mold Detected	Interpretation								
4701933	116 – Housing Court Clerk's Office	Air	26 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4701900	215 – Conference Room	Air	40 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4701930	221 – Judicial Department	Air	39 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4701912	338 – Juvenile/Probation Clerical	Air	53 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4701938	322 – Chief Housing Specialist	Air	53 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4697984	B58 – Juvenile Storage	Air	26 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4701898	B23 - Office	Air	80 spores/m ³	See Comment 1								
4698053	Outdoor – Parking Garage Entrance	Air	2,733 spores/m ³									
	 Indoor concentrations were below the ere also detected outdoors or are comm 			ne types of spores								

In all the test locations, the air samples indicated total mold spore concentrations were below the concurrent outdoor concentration, and the types of mold detected indoors were similar to spore types detected outdoors or that are commonly detected outdoors. Thus, no indoor mold source was indicated in these areas.

It is important to note that construction materials, personal belongings, and indoor environments (including indoor air) are normally not sterile. Therefore, no structure can be completely free of microbial organisms including mold. However, under normal circumstances, commonly accepted industry guidelines suggest that the levels of fungi in the indoor environment should be generally similar to (or lower than) the outdoor air outside of the property. It should be understood that natural dust deposition also contains some amount of fungal spores.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings of this assessment, TRC recommends the following for consideration:

- 1. No corrective measures are indicated based on measurements of temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, PM₁₀, or TVOC's.
- 2. Continue to operate ventilation equipment to introduce the greatest amount of outdoor air feasible based on the equipment parameters and seasonal conditions. This will provide the greatest safety for building occupants and will also help to quickly dilute the air when disinfectant wipes, cleaners and hand sanitizers are used. Routine preventative maintenance of heating, ventilating and air-conditioning equipment should also be emphasized.



CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The visual inspection performed by TRC is limited to representative areas that were accessible at the time of inspection. Destructive and/or invasive inspections were not within the scope of our investigation. The sampling results reflect conditions at the time of sampling.

TRC has performed the tasks set forth above in a thorough and professional manner consistent with industry standards. TRC cannot guarantee and does not warrant that this limited assessment has revealed all potential adverse environmental conditions affecting the site.

No expressed or implied representation or warranty is included in this report except that the services were performed within the limits of the scope of work authorized by the client and the encountered site conditions.

TRC appreciates the opportunity to provide you with consulting services. If you have any questions or comments, please contact us. We look forward to working with you on future endeavors.

Very Truly Yours, **TRC**

Olivia Smaracko Senior Industrial Hygienist

Robert King

Robert King, CIH, CSP Senior EHS Engineer

Enc.: Attachment A – Laboratory Results and Chain of Custody Attachment B – Sample Location Drawings



ATTACHMENT A – LABORATORY RESULTS AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY





#22025666

Analysis Report prepared for

TRC Companies

814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189

Phone: (781) 337-0016

499949 Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street Springfield, MA

Collected: July 7, 2022 Received: July 11, 2022 Reported: July 11, 2022 We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs! We received 20 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on July 11th, 2022.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

Taken N. Hayes

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP) Laboratory Director Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

3005 East Boundary Terrace, Suite F. Midlothian, VA. 23112

(804) 562-3435

814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189

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499949

Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street Springfield, MA

#22025666

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	1	4698	3042	2	4698	3042	3	4698		4	4698	
Sample Name	G4	5 Breakroo	m	140 -	Forensic H	ealth	110B - Cu	bicle Near \	/ault 111	249A	- Judges Lo	obby
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter		75.00 liter			75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	3		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		3		3				3			2	
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria												
Ascospores				3	40	37.5%	3	40	20.0%	2	27	100.0
spergillus Penicillium							4	53	26.7%			
Basidiospores	2	27	50.0%	1	13	12.5%						
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium				1	13	12.5%						
Cladosporium	2	27	50.0%				8	107	53.3%			
Curvularia				1	13	12.5%						
Epicoccum				1	13	12.5%						
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes				1	13	12.5%						
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	4	54	100%	8	105	100%	15	200	100%	2	27	100
Water Damage Indicator	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Collected: Jul 7	, 2022	Rece	eived: Jul 11, 20)22	Reported:	Jul 11, 2022				
	E S	Project Analyst: Connor Gailliot,		A	2	Date: 07 - 11 - 202	Reviewe	ed By: łayes, BSMT 🏒	Stonlar 1	1 Hours	Date:	- 2022

3005 East Boundary Terrace, Suite F. Midlothian, VA. 23112

(804) 562-3435

contact@hayesmicrobial.com

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814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016

499949 Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street

Springfield, MA

#22025666

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	5	4697	' 997	6	4698	8028	7	4698	3010	8	4698	3022	
Sample Name	204A	- Judges Lo	obby	337 -	Superior C Probation	ourt		orary - Nortl Stacks 34		Registry of Probate Cubicle Area			
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³		13 spores/m ³				13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	1	
Background		2			3			2		3			
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND		
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tota	
Alternaria							1	13	14.3%	1	13	8.3%	
Ascospores							·			2	27	16.7%	
spergillus Penicillium													
Basidiospores	1	13	20.0%	3	40	50.0%				1	13	8.3%	
Bipolaris Drechslera													
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium	4	53	80.0%	3	40	50.0%	4	53	57.1%	6	80	50.0%	
Curvularia													
Epicoccum													
Fusarium													
Memnoniella													
Myxomycetes							1	13	14.3%	2	27	16.7%	
Pithomyces							1	13	14.3%				
Stachybotrys													
Stemphylium													
Torula													
Ulocladium													
Total	5	66	100%	6	80	100%	7	92	100%	12	160	100%	
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	n Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity	
		Collected: Jul 7	, 2022	Rece	eived: Jul 11, 20)22	Reported:	Jul 11, 2022					
	E S	Project Analyst: Connor Gailliot, I	as f	A		Date: 07 - 11 - 202	Reviewe 22 Steve H	ed By: layes, BSMT 🏒	Italien 7	1. Hours	Date:	1 - 2022	

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814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016

499949 Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street

Springfield, MA

#22025666

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	9	4698	3025	10	4701	948	11	4698	3041	12	4698	8059	
Sample Name	450 - I	Registry of	Deeds	Outdoo	r - East Cou	ırtyard	151C -	Attorneys	Room	137 - 0	Clerk of Juv	venile	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter		75.00 liter 13 spores/m ³			75.00 liter 13 spores/m ³			
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	1		13 spores/m ³	1							
Background		3		2				3		3			
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND		
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count Count / m ³ % of Total		Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot		
Alternaria			, or rotar			, or rotar							
Ascospores				8	107	25.8%				5	67	23.89	
pergillus Penicillium	5	67	45.5%	4	53	12.9%	2	27	22.2%	4	53	19.0	
Basidiospores				19	253	61.3%	2	27	22.2%				
Bipolaris Drechslera													
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium	6	80	54.5%				5	67	55.6%	11	147	52.49	
Curvularia													
Epicoccum													
Fusarium													
Memnoniella													
Myxomycetes										1	13	4.8	
Pithomyces													
Stachybotrys													
Stemphylium													
Torula Ulocladium													
Total	11	147	100%	31	413	100%	9	121	100%	21	280	100	
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	lity	
		Collected: Jul 7	, 2022	Rece	eived: Jul 11, 20	022	Reported:	Jul 11, 2022					
	<mark>ES</mark>	Project Analyst: Connor Gailliot,	//	A	6	Date: 07 - 11 - 202	Reviewe	ed By: laves BSMT	Itophen 1	1. Hoycs	Date:	1 - 2022	

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814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016

499949

Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street Springfield, MA

#22025666

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	13	4701		14	4701		15	4701		16		1912
Sample Name	116 - Ho	ousing Cour Office	t Clerks	215 - 0	Conference	Room	227 - Ju	idicial Depa	rtment	338 - Jı	venile / Pro Clerical	obation
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter		75.00 liter			75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	1	13 spores/m ³				13 spores/m ³	1	13 spores/m ³		
Background		3		2				2		2		
Fragments		ND	ND		ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria												
Ascospores							1	13	33.3%			
Aspergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores										4	53	100.0
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	1	13	50.0%	3	40	100.0%	1	13	33.3%			
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes	1	13	50.0%				1	13	33.3%			
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	2	26	100%	3	40	100%	3	39	100%	4	53	100
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
mater Damage materia			-	Deer					andri Busenne			,
ΝΗΔΥ	ES	Collected: Jul 7 Project Analyst:		Rece	eived: Jul 11, 20	Date:	Reported:	Jul 11, 2022 ed By:	8, 1	0 11	Date:	
		Connor Gailliot,		PX-		07 - 11 - 202		ayes, BSMT 🏒	tephen 7	1. Hoyes	07 - 1	1 - 2022
MICROBIAL CC	NSULTING	2005 East Da		ce, Suite F. Mic	llothion VA C		(804) 562-34	25	ntact@hayesn	1		Page: 5

814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016

499949 Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street

Springfield, MA

#22025666

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	17	470	938	18	4697	7984	19	4701	898	20	4698	8053
		22 - Chief Housing Specialist		B58 - Juvenile Storage			B23 - Office			Outdoor - Corner of E. Columbus and Court		
Sample Volume		75.00 liter		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}	13 spores/m ³ 2				13 spores/m ³		13 spores/m³ 2		
Background		2						2				
Fragments	ND			ND				ND		ND		
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tota
Alternaria												
Ascospores	1	13	25.0%							64	853	31.2%
pergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores				1	13	50.0%	1	13	16.7%	138	1840	67.3%
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	3	40	75.0%	1	13	50.0%	5	67	83.3%	2	27	<1%
Curvularia										1	13	<1%
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	4	53	100%	2	26	100%	6	80	100%	205	2733	100%
Water Damage Indicator Common Allergen			Slightly Higher than Baseline			Significantly Higher than Baseline			Ratio Abnormality			
		Collected: Jul 7	, 2022	Rece	eived: Jul 11, 20	022	Reported:	Jul 11, 2022				
	Project Analyst: Connor Gailliot,		A	Date: 07 - 11 - 202		Reviewed By: 22 Steve Hayes, BSMT Stephen 7			N. Hayes 07 - 11 - 2022			

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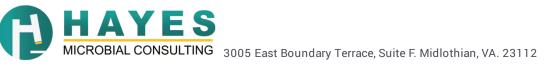
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Olivia Smaracko TRC Companies 814 Broad Street	499949 Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street	#22025666
Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016	Springfield, MA	Spore Trap Information
Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw s be estimated.	
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.	
Background	The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:	
	 NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will 1: <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable. 2: 5-25% of field occluded. 3: 25-75% of field occluded. 4: 75-90% of field occluded. 5: >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample. 	display NBD)
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in presence of mold amplification.	very large numbers, may indicate the
Control Comparisons	There are no national standards for the numbers of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. A widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment. A present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "normal" indoor environment spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to he Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.	onment should not exceed those that are ts. The purpose of sampling and counting lelp pinpoint the area of contamination.
Water Damage Indicator	Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.	
Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors	
Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamir	
Significantly Higher than Baseline	Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contaminat	
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of environment than it was outdoors.	
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report indicators.	t, unless they are one of the water damage



Olivia Smaracko TRC Companies 814 Broad Street		499949 Springfield District Court 50 and 80 State Street	#22025666
Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016		Springfield, MA	Organism Descriptions
Alternaria	Habitat:	Commonly found outdoors in soil and decaying plants. Indoors, it is commonly found on window sills an	d other horizontal surfaces.
	Effects:	A common allergen and has been associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis. Alternaria is capable of p may be associated with disease in humans or animals. Occasionally an agent of onychomycosis, ulcerated sinusitis, principally in the immunocompromised patient.	
Ascospores	Habitat:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor nur rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.	nbers become very high following
	Effects:	Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.	
Aspergillus Penicillium	Habitat:	The most common fungi isolated from the environment. Very common in soil and on decaying plant mate a wide variety of substrates.	erial. Are able to grow well indoors on
	Effects:	This group contains common allergens and many can cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis. They may cau opportunistic pathogens. Many species produce mycotoxins which may be associated with disease in hu production is dependent on the species, the food source, competition with other organisms, and other en	imans and other animals. Toxin
Basidiospores	Habitat:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and pla can cause structural damage to buildings.	ant pathogens. In wet conditions they
	Effects:	Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.	
Chaetomium	Habitat:	Ascomycete fungus, commonly isolated from soil and decaying plant materials. It is cellulolytic and grow and other paper substrates. It is often found growing with Stachybotrys.	s well indoors on damp sheetrock
	Effects:	It is reported to be allergenic and may produce toxins.	
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of liv lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numb and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVA	bers often spike in the late afternoon
	Effects:	A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity	pneumonitis.



Olivia Smaracko TRC Companies		499949 Springfield District Court	#22025666		
814 Broad Street Weymouth, MA 02189 (781) 337-0016		50 and 80 State Street Springfield, MA	Organism Descriptions		
Curvularia	Habitat:	They exist in soil and plant debris, and are plant pathogens.			
	Effects:	They are allergenic and a common cause of allergic fungal sinusitis. An occasional cause of human infection, incl onychomycosis, mycetoma, pneumonia, endocarditis and desseminated infection, primarily in the immunocompro			
Epicoccum	Habitat:	It is found in soil and plant litter and is a plant pathogen. It can grow indoors on a variety of substrates, including commonly found on wet drywall.	paper and textiles and is		
	Effects:	It is a common allergen. No cases of infection have been reported in humans.			
Myxomycetes	Habitat:	Found on decaying plant material and as a plant pathogen.			
	Effects:	Some allergenic properties reported, but generally pose no health concerns to humans.			
Pithomyces	Habitat:	Common fungus isolated from soil, decaying plant material. Rarely found indoors.			
, ,	Effects:	Allergenic properties are poorly studied. No cases of infection in humans.			



MICROBIAL CONSULTING Weymouth, MA 02189 Job Number: 499949 Job Name: Springfield District Court							l	8170 373				22025666
Olivia Smaracko Date Collected: 7/7/2022				50 & 80 State Street e: Springfield, MA							maracko@trccompanies	
							Note:	17100-200		03	maracko@recompanies	
Analysis Type				Analysis Description			Tur	rnaround		Accented	Media Types	
		Identificati	tification & Enumeration of Fungal Spores				24 Hour		Air Cassette	s, Impact Slid		
		S+			Dander, Fiber, and Pollen cou	nts		24 Hour			s, Impact Slid	
Dire	ct ID	D		ni-Quantative Enumeration of spores and mycelium						pe, Swab, Bul		
		D+			Quantitative spore count					Bio-Tape, Ta	pe, Swab, Bul	k, Agar Plate
Cult	ure	C1	Identificati	fication & Enumeration of Mold only				7 Day		Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk		
	C2 Identific			Identification & Enumeration of Bacteria only Identification & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria Coliform Screen for Sewage Bacteria Total Particulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Include Mold)				7 Day Air Pl 2 Day Agar		Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk		
C3 Ident			Identificati									
C5 Co		Coliform Se										
Particle TPA		Total Partie	Air Cassette							Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape		
#	Nun	nber			Sample		Analysis		Volume			Notes
1	4690851		G45 Bre	akroom	X		S		75 L			
2	4698042		140 - Forensic Health				S		75 L			
3	4698039		110B - C	110B - Cubicle near Vault 111249A - Judges Lobby204A - Judges Lobby			S		75 L			
4	4698063		249A - J				S		75 L			
5	4697997		204A - J				S	_	75 L			
6	4698028		337 - Su	uperior Court Probation			S	75 L				
7	4698010		Law Lib	prary - North Side between Stacks 34 & 35		35	S	75 L				
8	4698022		Registry	y of Probate Cubicle Area			S	75 L				
9	4698025		450 - Re	Registry of Deeds			S		75 L			
10	4701948			or - East Courtyard			S 751		75 L			
11	4698041			- Attorneys Room			S	S 75 L				
12	4698059		137 - Cle	lerk of Juvenile			S	75 L				
13	4701933			ousing Court Clerks Office			S	75 L				
14	4701900			Conference Room			S	-	75 L			
15	4701930			dicial Departr			S		75 L			
16	4701912		338 - 11	enile/Probat	ion Clerical		S		75 L			

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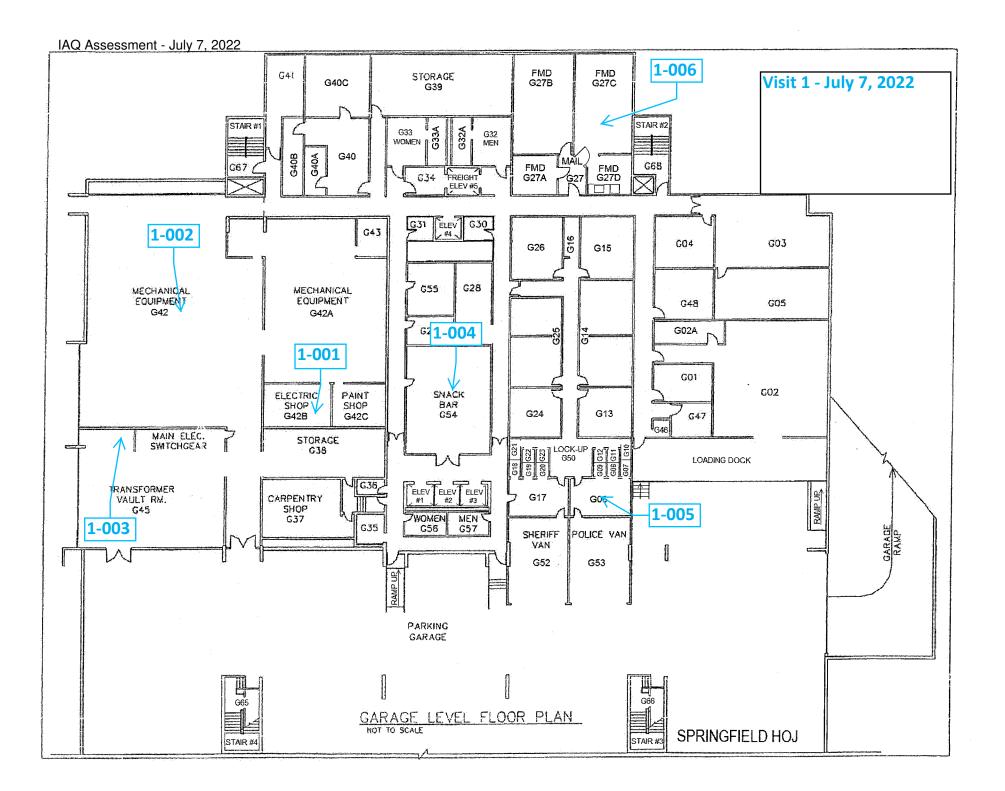
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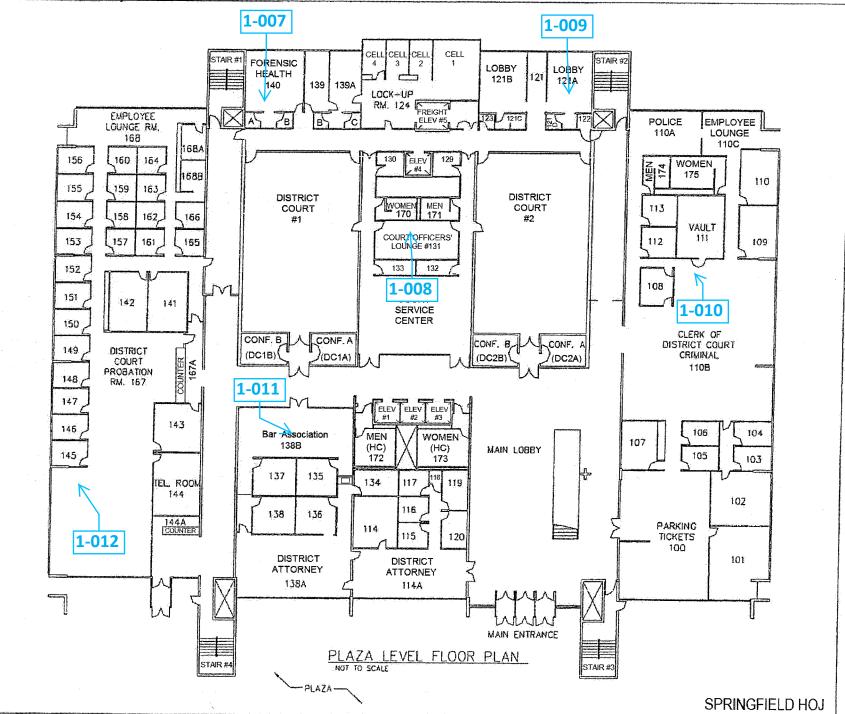
Job	Number: 49	0040		Job Name: Springfield Distri	ct Court					22025666	
Olivia Smaracko				50 & 80 State Street			e: (781) 789-2985 Email: osmaracko@trccompanies.				
Date Collected: 7/7/2022				- Springfield, MA	Note:						
Analysis Type				Analysis Description			Turnaroun	ound Accepted Media Types			
Spor	e Trap	S Identification & Enumeration of Fungal Spores					24 Hour		assettes, Impact Slid	es	
		S+	Spore Trap Analysis with Dander, Fiber, and Pollen counts				24 Hour		assettes, Impact Slid	es	
Direc	t ID	D	ID & Semi-	Quantative Enumeration of spores and my	ycelium		24 Hour	Bio-Ta	ape, Tape, Swab, Bull	k, Agar Plate	
		D+	Direct Ana	lysis with Fully Quantitative spore count			24 Hour	Bio-Ta	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate		
Cultu	ire	C1	Identificat	ion & Enumeration of Mold only		7 Day		ate, Agar Plate, Swal	o, Bulk		
	C2		Identificat	ion & Enumeration of Bacteria only		4 Day		Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk			
		C3	Identificat	ion & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria		7 Day		Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk			
		C5	Coliform S	creen for Sewage Bacteria		2 Day	Agar	Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk			
Parti	cle	TPA	Total Particulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Include Mold)				24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impac		es, Bio-Tape	
#	Num	iber		Sample		Analysis	s Vo	lume		Notes	
1	4701938		322 - C	322 - Chief Housing Specialist			1	75 L			
2	4697984		B58 - Ju	venile Storage		S	7	5 L			
3	4701898		B23 - O	ffice		S	7	5 L			
4	4698053		Outdoor - Corner of E. Columbus and Court			S	75	5 L			
5											
6											
7											
8											
9											
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
3.5											
15 16											

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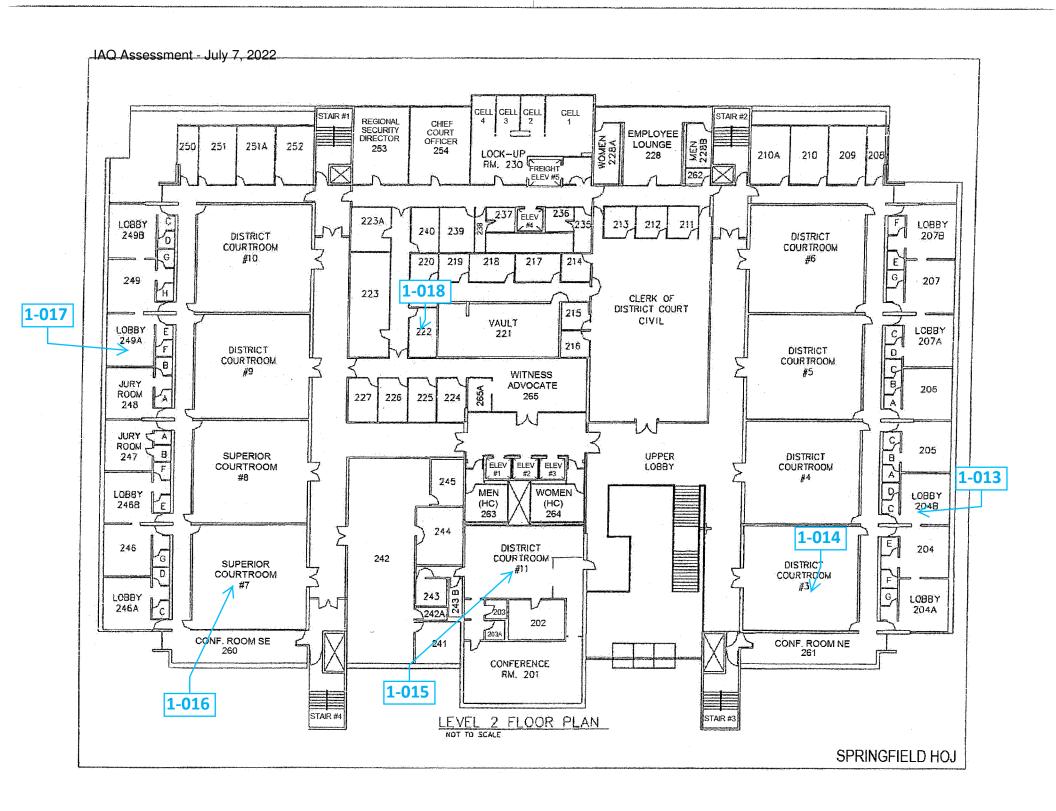
ATTACHMENT B – SAMPLE LOCATION DRAWINGS

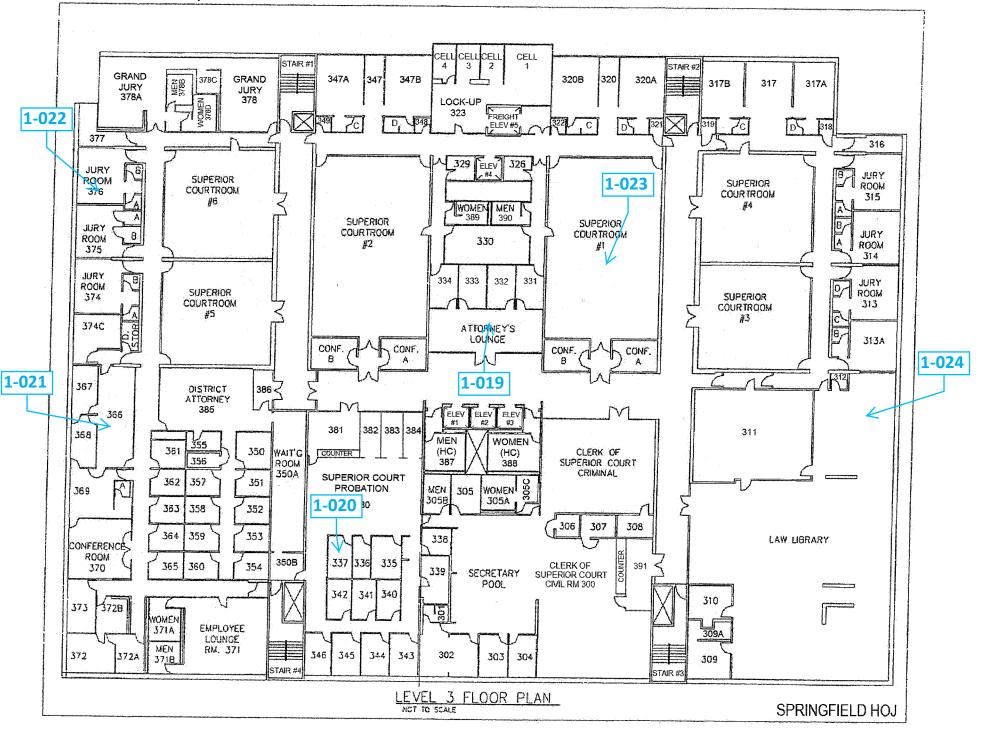


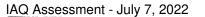


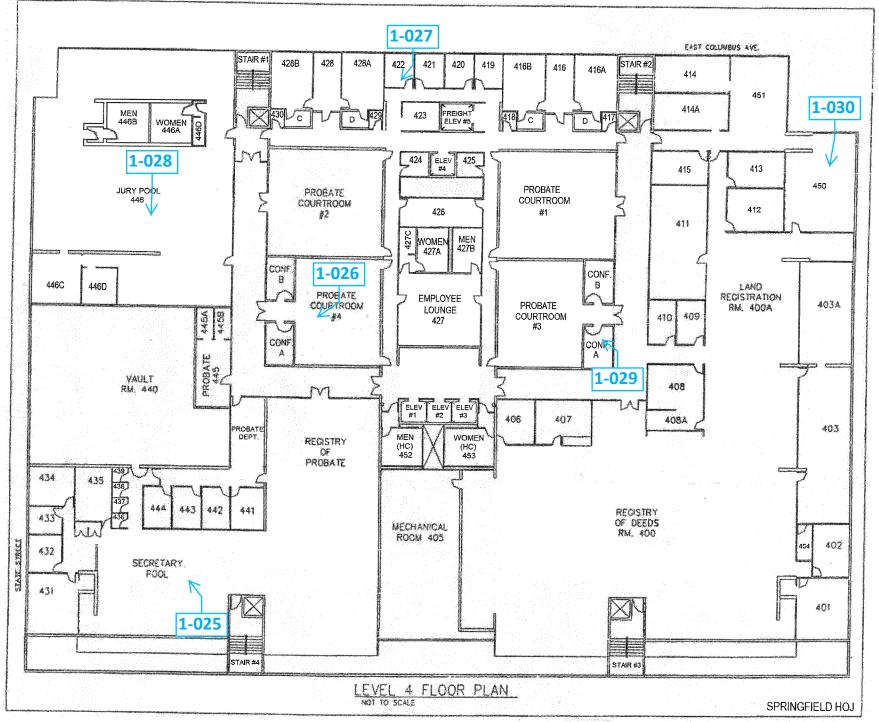


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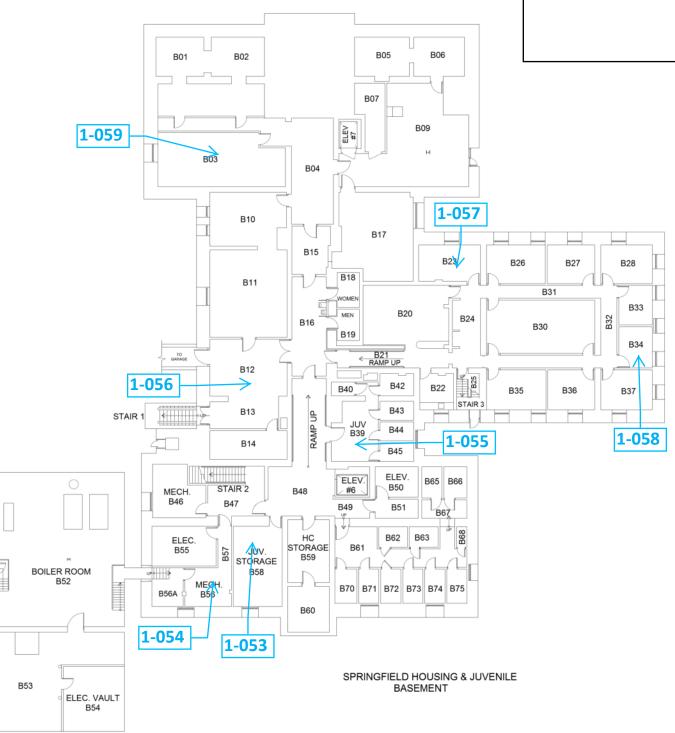


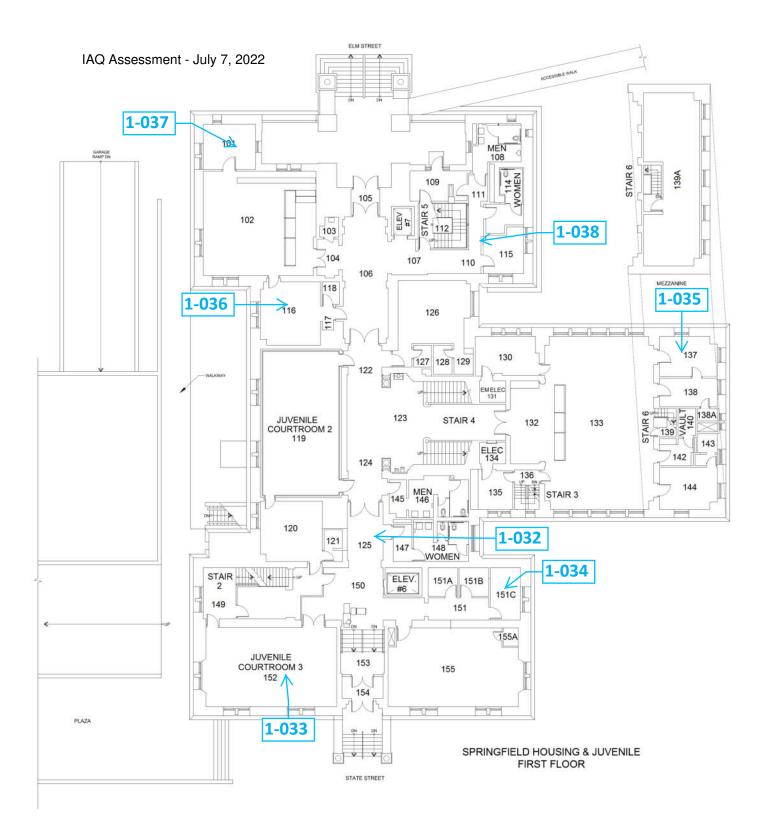


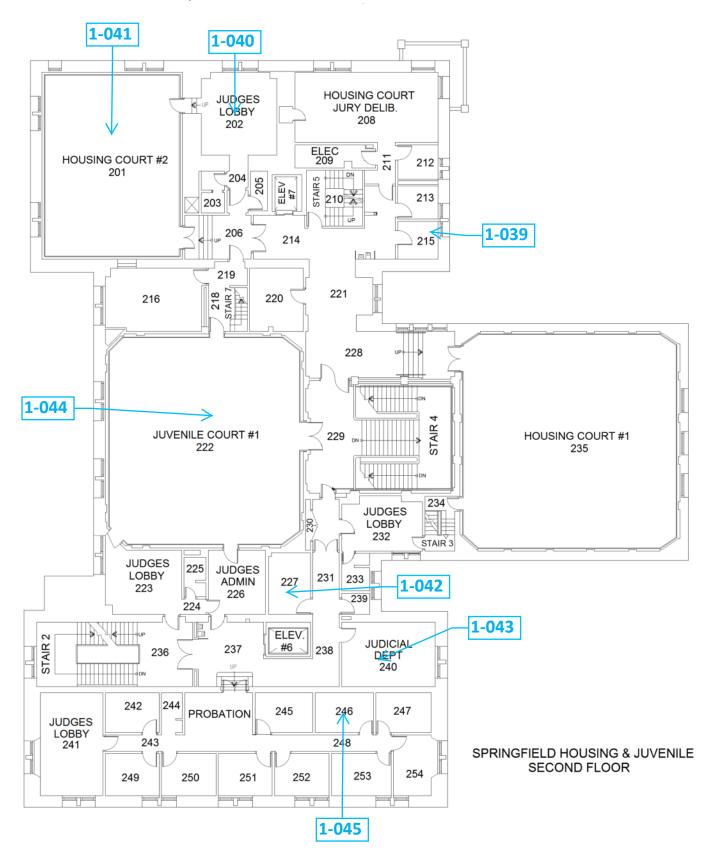


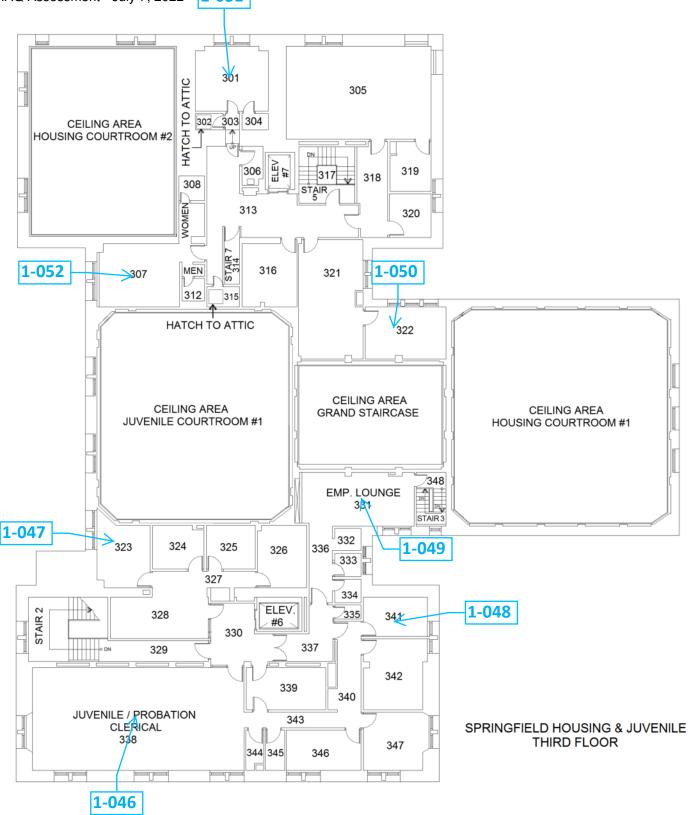












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